

Name KEY

College US History I
SGO Review

- A. In the decades after the Civil War, most Native Americans were forced onto reservations.
- B. How did the Dawes Act of 1887 affect Native American land?
It assimilated Native Americans into American culture.
- C. The Homestead Act and the transcontinental railroad expanded the nation westward, fulfilling the nation's idea of Manifest Destiny.
- D. How did Jim Crow laws affect African Americans after the Civil War?
African Americans continued to experience political + economic depression.
- E. What amendment ended slavery? 13th Amendment
- F. How are the Reconstruction plans of Lincoln and Johnson similar?
They both allowed the southern states to reenter the Union as quickly as possible.
- G. The Dred Scott case ruled that he could not sue for his freedom and Congress could not deprive residents of their property.
- H. What are some differences between regions (sectionalism) in the United States prior to the Civil War?
Economic conditions and interests in each region varied
- I. The idea of the United States expanding from coast to coast is known as Manifest Destiny.
- J. Andrew Jackson's "spoils system" had elected officials doing what?
Elected officials rewarded their supporters with government jobs.

K. The Monroe Doctrine is issued to prevent European nations from doing this... further European colonization in the Caribbean.

L. What land and river did the United States gain by the Louisiana Purchase?

Full control of the Mississippi River

M. Which Supreme Court case established the power of judicial review? Marbury v. Madison

N. What profound warning did George Washington give in his farewell address?

Avoid European military conflicts

O. What is the main disagreement between Federalists and Antifederalists during the ratification of the US Constitution?

Division of powers between the national and state governments

P. During the Constitutional Convention of 1787, the smaller states hoped to have what type of representation? Equal

Q. How did the Articles of Confederation show that Americans distrusted a strong central government?

The plan of government set up by the Articles of Confederation was flawed.

R. A fundamental political idea in the Declaration of Independence stated a government can be overthrown if that government does what?

Denies it's people certain basic rights

S. Why was the boundary line of the Proclamation of 1763 created?

Avoid conflicts between colonists and Native Americans

T. What is mercantilism and why do American colonists oppose it?

It placed restrictions on trading

THEMATIC ESSAY QUESTION

Directions: Write a well-organized essay that includes an introduction, at least 2 paragraphs addressing the task below, and a conclusion.

Theme: Equality

In United States history, the rights of "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness," as stated in the Declaration of Independence, have often been denied to certain groups of Americans.

Task:

Identify **one** group from your study of United States History.

- Use *two* historical examples to show how the group has been denied the rights of "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"
- Identify and discuss 1-2 efforts that have been made to help the group attain "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"
- Evaluate the extent to which the group has achieved equality today

Groups you may consider are African Americans or Native Americans

Rubric scoring for this essay